

INTRODUCTION

- ✓ Breastfeeding is the gold standard for infant nutrition.
- ✓ Preterm infants whose mothers are unable to provide sufficient own mother's milk, receive pasteurized donor human milk (DHM).
- ✓ We hypothesize that conventional pasteurization compromises DHM composition, and likewise its biological functionality.



OBJECTIVE

To assess the effect of conventional pasteurization on the composition and functionality of human milk (HM)

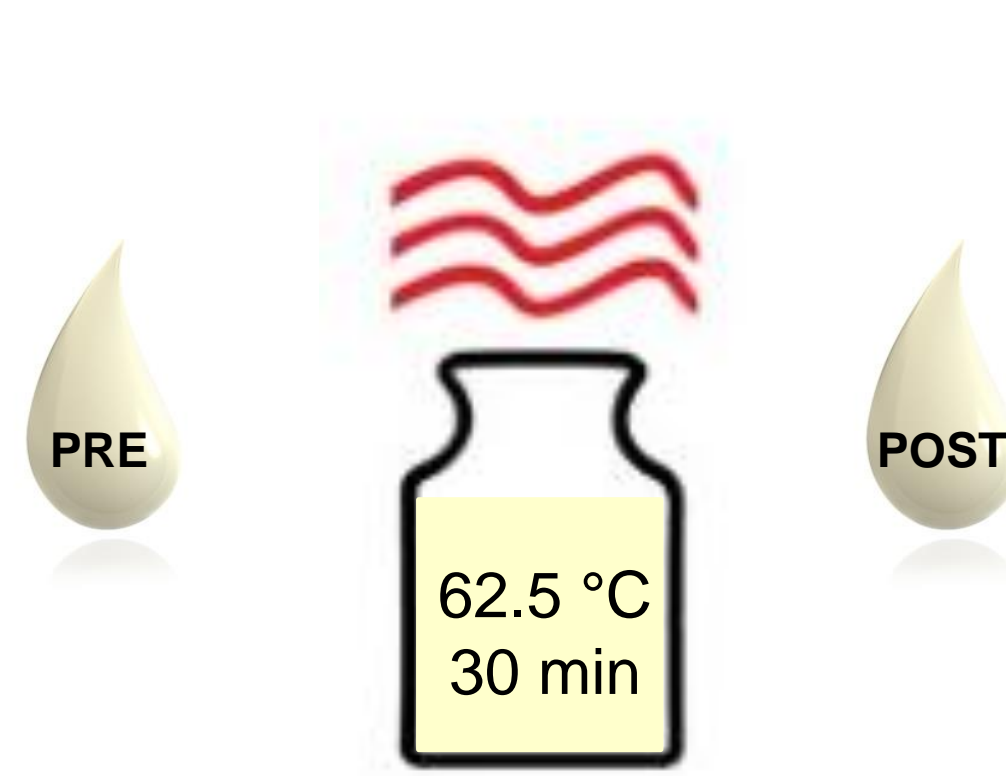
MATERIAL & METHODS

Donor Human Milk (DHM) samples



DHM samples provided by healthy volunteers admitted after the routine screening at the HM bank

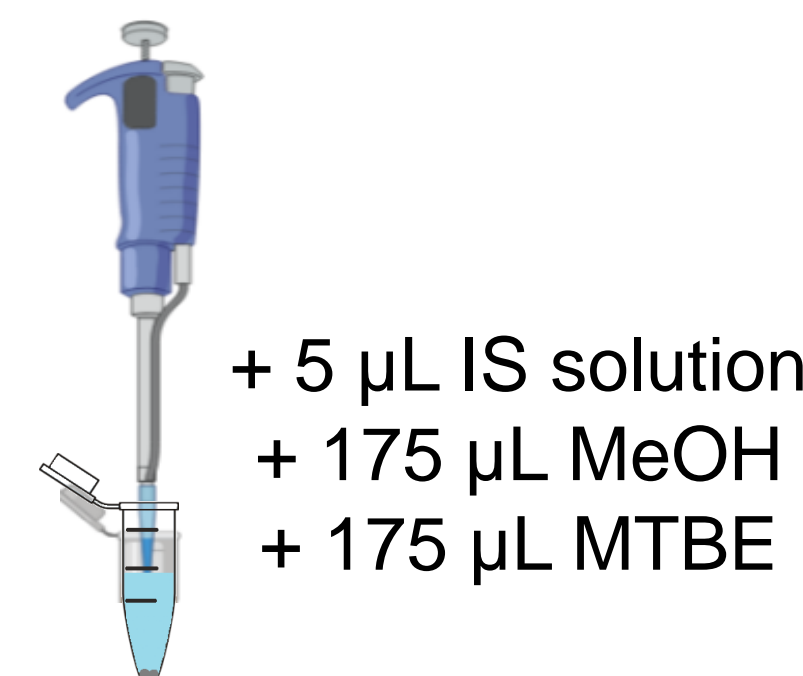
Holder pasteurization



DHM aliquots (N=12) collected directly before and after Holder pasteurization

Sample preparation

- 1) Defrosting (33 °C, 10 min)
- 2) Single-phase extraction & dilution



45 µL HM/
H₂O (Blank extract)

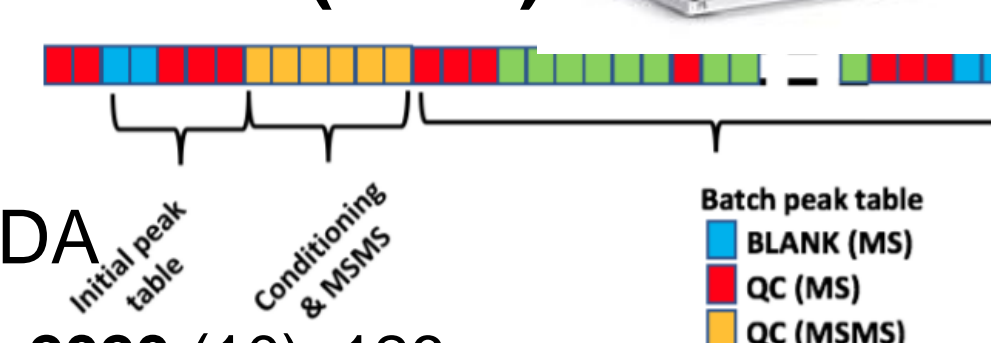
Untargeted analysis

UPLC-qTOFMS

- Agilent 1290 Infinity – iFunnel QTOF Agilent 6550 spectrometer
- Randomized sample order; QC samples analyzed every 6th sample and twice at beginning & end of batch; 3 blanks at the end of the sequence

MS² Data Dependent Acquisition (DDA)

- Untargeted DDA
- Untargeted iterated DDA
- Targeted dynamic iterated DDA



Ten-Doménech, I. *et al. Metabolites* **2020** (10), 126.

Data processing/analysis



Peak table extraction



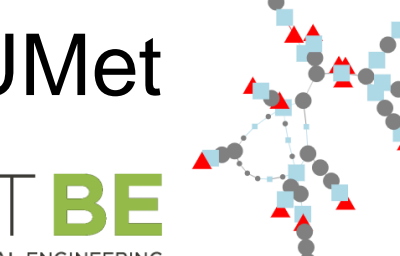
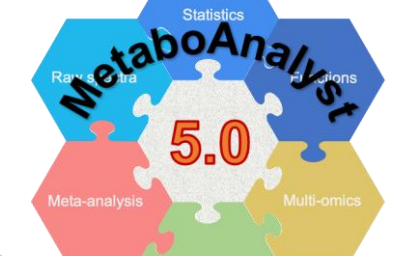
Automated MS² peak annotation



Filtering steps

- Removal of features with RSD_{QC}% ≥ 20%
- Removal of features detected in blanks (i.e. features < 3x median area in blanks)

Network/pathway/enrichment analysis



QC-SVR (Quality Control-Support Vector Regression)
Kuligowski, J. *et al. Analyst* **2015** (140), 7810.

Fatty acid analysis (36 FAMES by GC-MS)

Methanolic hydrochloric acid derivatization & GC-MS analysis

- + 250 µL HM
 - + 300 µL IS in hexane
 - + Derivatization reagents
- FAMES
- Zebtron ZB-WAXPLUS column (30m x 0.25 mm, 0.25µm)
- Injection volume: 2 µL
 - Mode: split
 - Gas flow: Helium 1mL/min
 - SIM
 - EI: -70eV

RESULTS & DISCUSSION

Data overview (untargeted analysis)

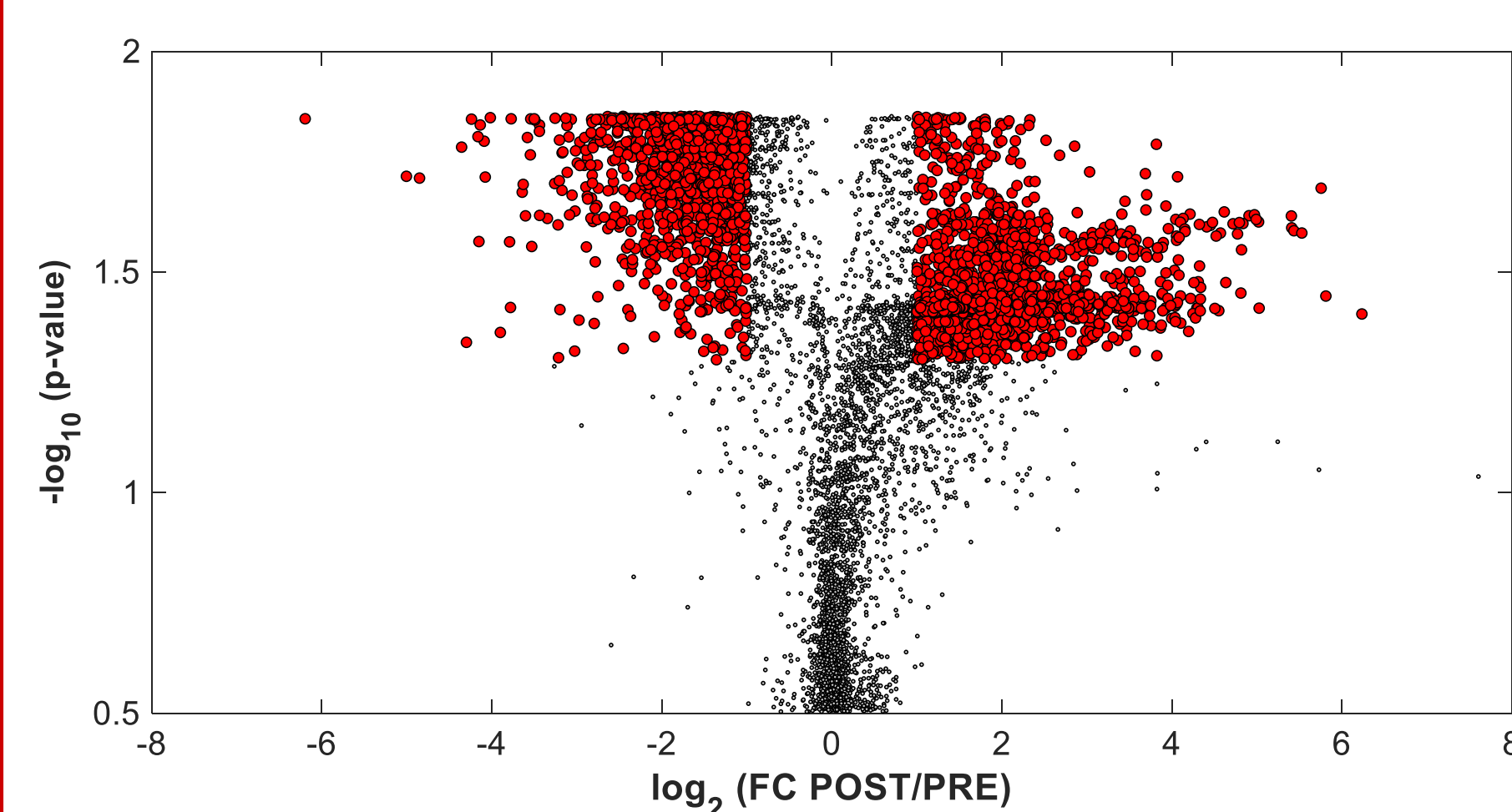
- ✓ Batch effect successfully corrected
- ✓ Tight clustering of QC samples/blanks
- ✓ Variance within HM samples > technical variance

*Shen X. *et al. Nature Communications*, **2019** (10), 1516.

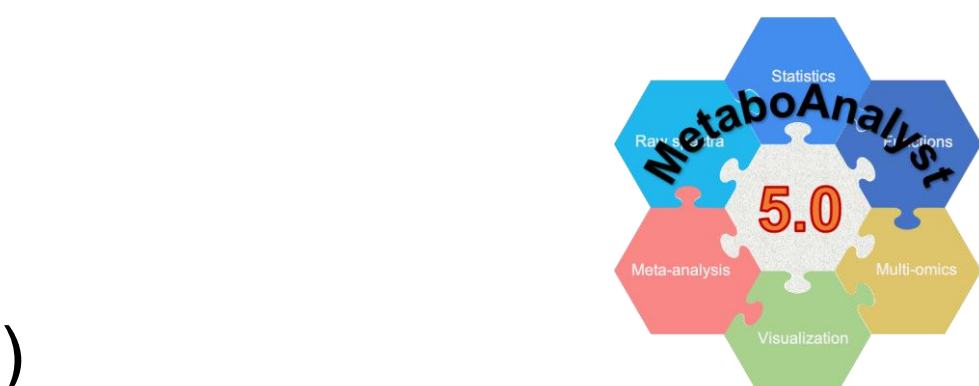
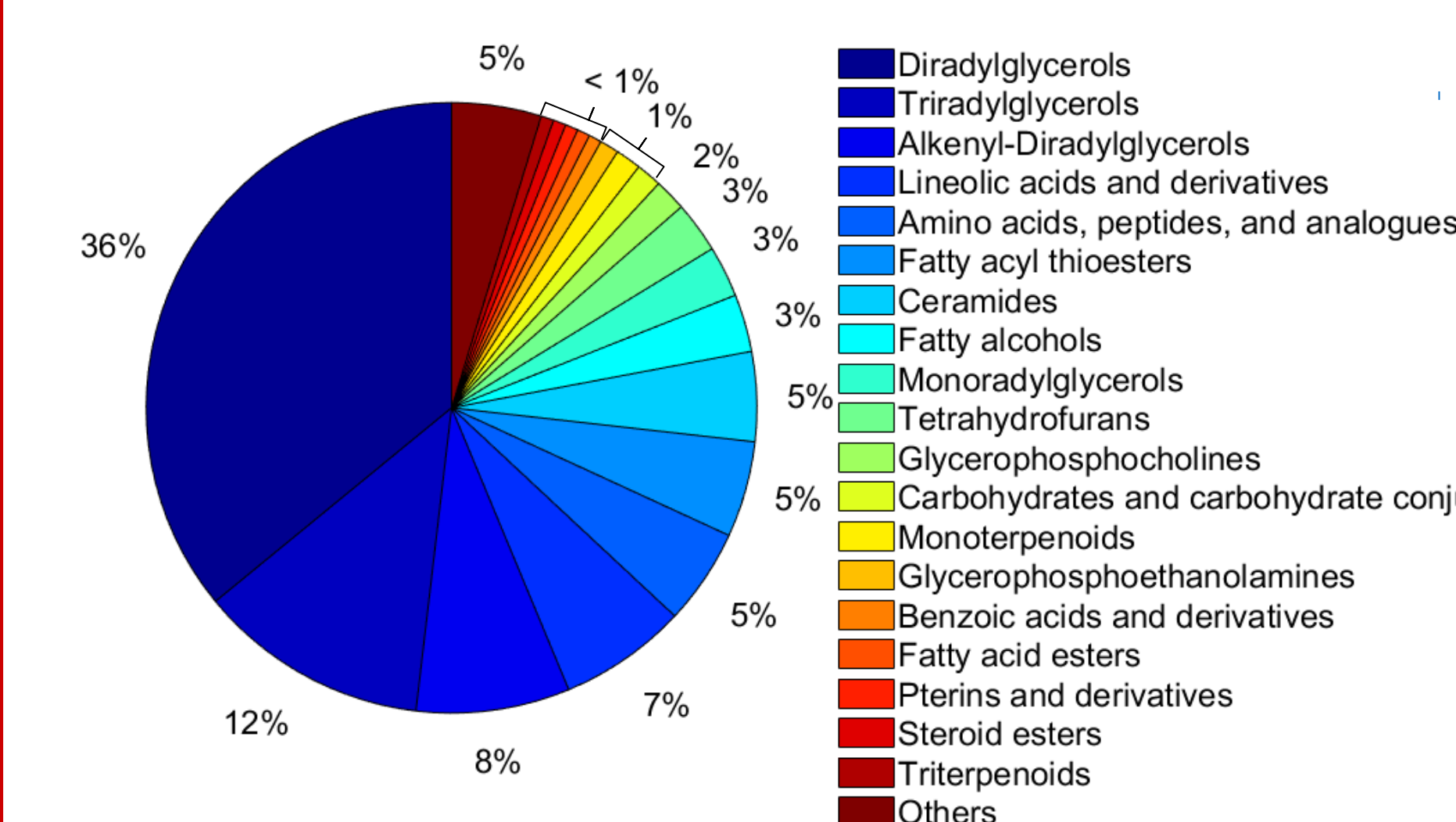
	RP	HILIC ESI+	HILIC ESI-
Total features	18401	1826	893
Total features after batch effect removal and filtering steps	7109	466	379
Annotated features by HMDB, Metlin or LipidBlast	704	16	5
Annotated features by MetDNA*	204	52	41
Total annotated features/ (%)	786 (11%)	50 (11%)	25 (7%)

Lipidomic analysis

- ✓ 3259 features with Fold Change >2 or <0.5 ($p_{FDR} < 0.05$)



- ✓ 298 out of 3259 (9%) features are annotated

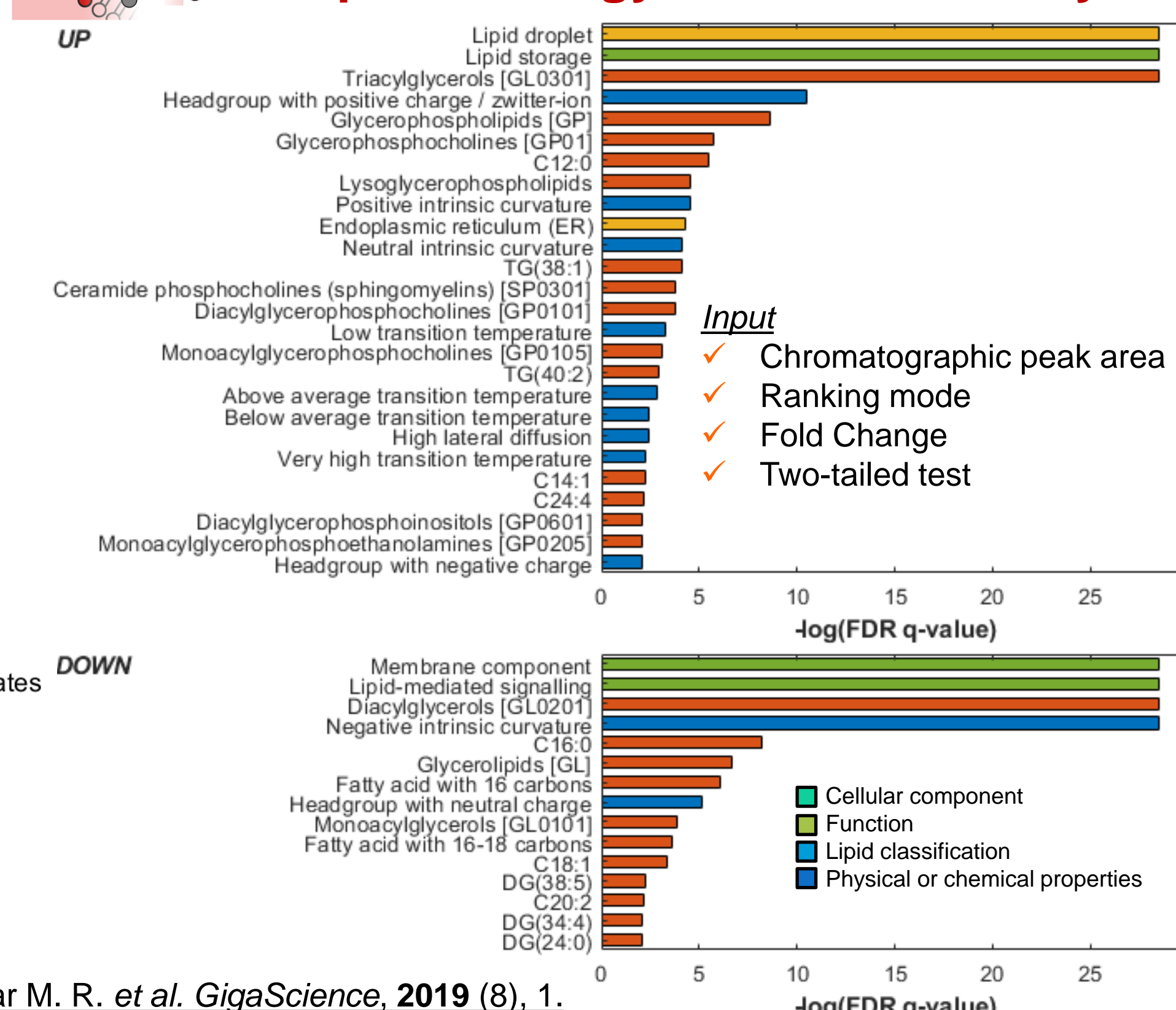


- Input
- ✓ t-test of 7109 features
 - ✓ Accuracy 10 ppm
 - ✓ Cut-off: $p < 0.005$

Pathway name	Hits (total)	Hits (sig.)	p-value
Steroid hormone biosynthesis	6	4	0.017
Glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI)-anchor biosynthesis	4	3	0.028
Linoleic acid metabolism	7	4	0.034
Biosynthesis of unsaturated fatty acids	17	7	0.036
Mucin type O-glycan biosynthesis	2	2	0.041



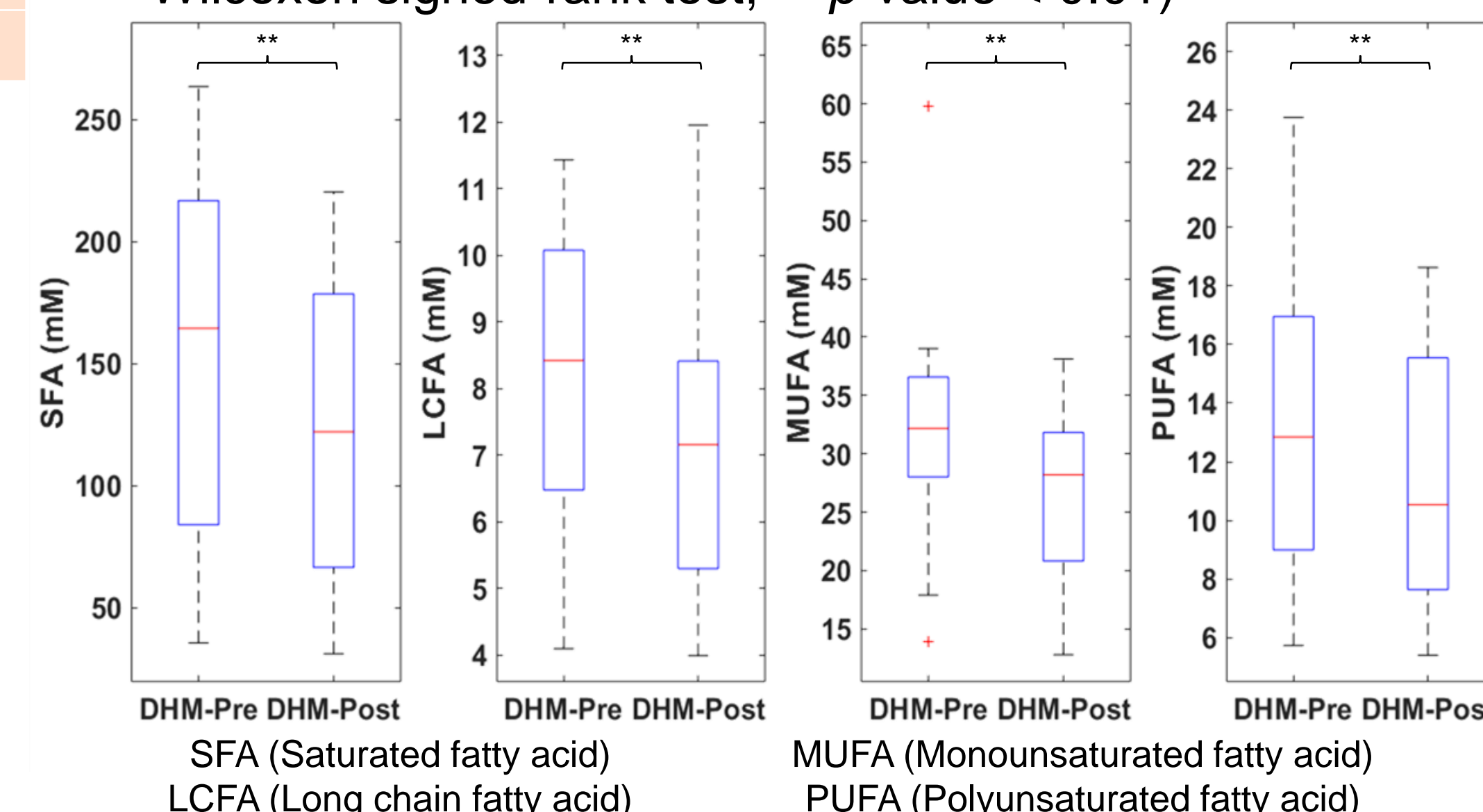
Lipid Ontology enrichment analysis



Molenaar M. R. *et al. GigaScience*, **2019** (8), 1.

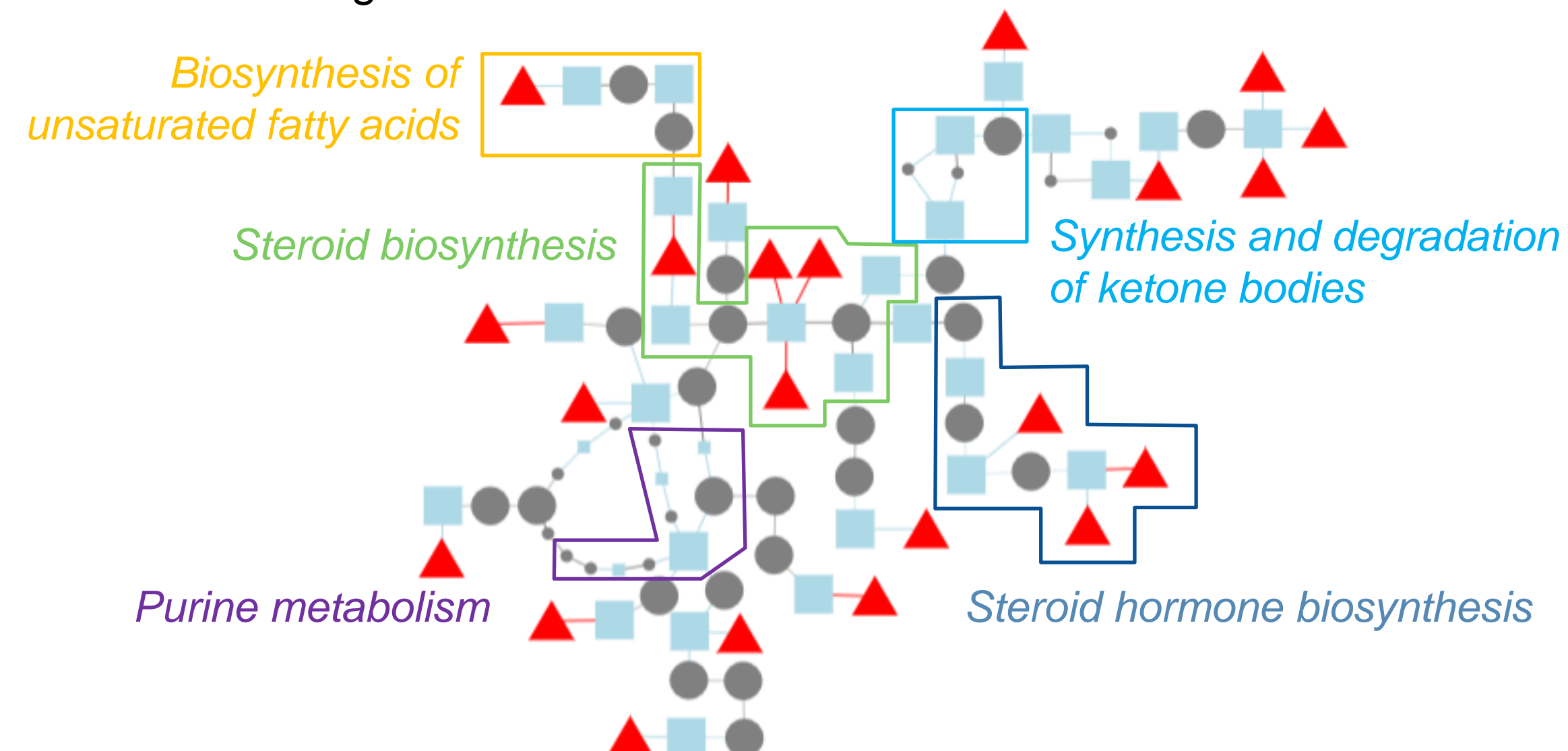
Fatty acid analysis

- ✓ 7 FAMES < LOD
- ✓ Abundance of C6:0 > C10:0 > C8:0 > Oleic (C18:1n9c) > C12:0 > C16:0 > Linoleic (C18:2n6c) > others
- ✓ FAMES' content decreased after pasteurization (One-tailed Wilcoxon signed-rank test; ** p -value < 0.01)



Integrative lipidomic and metabolomic analysis (PIUMet)

- Input
- ✓ RP: 1033 features with significant difference ($p < 0.01$) Wilcoxon signed-rank test
 - ✓ HILIC ESI+ & ESI-: 35 features with significant difference ($p < 0.01$) Wilcoxon signed-rank test



Pirhaji, L. *et al. Nature Methods*, **2016** (13), 770.

CONCLUSIONS & OUTLOOK

- ✓ More than 700 lipids and metabolites of different classes including triacylglycerols (TGs), diacylglycerols (DGs), phospholipids (PLs), sphingolipids, FAs, and carbohydrates, among others, have been annotated.
- ✓ Significant changes in HM composition before and after pasteurization, especially for DGs, TGs, alkenyl-DGs and lineolic acids and derivatives have been observed. FAs' content decreased after pasteurization.
- ✓ Due to pasteurization, several metabolic pathways seem to be altered (e. g. steroid hormone biosynthesis and the biosynthesis of unsaturated fatty acids).
- ✓ Lipid ontology enrichment analysis showed that the terms "lipid droplet" and "lipid storage", mainly associated with TGs, were enriched in pasteurized DHM, whereas the terms "membrane component" and "lipid-mediated signalling", associated with DGs, PLs, lyso-PLs and sphingomyelins, seemed to be more prominent in raw DHM.
- ✓ Future research aiming at a better conservation of DHM components and functionality is encouraged (e.g., High-Temperature Short-Time (HTST) pasteurization)

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